



**20,000 – 30,000 years ago** The people living around the site of the Rozelle Hospital are the Wangal clan or band (part of the Eora or Dharug tribes)

**1819, 1821** Gentleman's Estates created from original land grants to Butler, Austen and Ralph

**1837 - 1844** Significant Gentleman's houses Garry Owen House (c.1837-1839), Kalouan (c.1840-1844), and Broughton House (c.1841-1842) erected on the estates

**1864** Parliamentary report on the 'Present State and Management of Lunatic Asylums'. Public controversy over conditions in asylums

**1865** Garry Owen bought by Gordon and renamed Callan Park. Barnet becomes Colonial Architect. Visits Gladesville Hospital and is shocked at the conditions there.

**1873** NSW Government buys 104 hectare Callan Park Estate as site for a hospital for the insane.

**1878** The owner of Broughton Hall buys Kalouan

**1880-85** Callan Park Asylum (including Kirkbride Block Cottage Wards) is built to house 666 patients

**1888** With 998 patients, Callan Park Asylum already grossly overcrowded

**1900** Complaints of overcrowding at Callan Park, result in enquiries and Royal Commissions

**1915** Broughton Hall becomes Australian Army Hospital No.13 – Caring for 'shell-shock' soldiers from WW1

**1918** Commonwealth Government resumes Broughton Hall

**1921** Broughton Hall Psychiatric Centre opens for first voluntarily admitted patients.

**1920 -1940** Superintendent Evan Jones develops Broughton Hall gardens for their therapeutic value to patients

**1960s-1970s** Gradual decline in patient numbers due to changes in mental health practices

**1976** Broughton Hall and Callan Park amalgamated to become Rozelle Hospital

**1983** Richmond Report recommends scaling down Rozelle Hospital and investigating alternative uses for under utilised buildings

**1988** Barclay Report sets out standards for Psychiatric hospitals and related community facilities. Capital works program to meet recommendations of Barclay Report sees construction of new hospital buildings, phasing out of Kirkbride Block, repair of Garry Owen House subsequent adaptation for use by the NSW Writers Centre

**1989** Current hospital beds 530. NSW Department of Works invited to prepare a Master Development Control Plan for Rozelle Hospital.

**1992** Kirkbride Block leased to University of Sydney for occupation by Sydney College of the Arts.

**1999-2000** Hospital beds reduced to 244.

**2001** NSW Government becomes the consent authority for development at the site. Leichhardt Council surveys 30,000 households and helps the community develop a shared vision for the site.

**July 2002** NSW Government releases draft Master Plan which includes some residential development. Associated plans to build a purpose-built mental health unit at Concord hospital to replace Rozelle also released.

**August 2002** Leichhardt Council polling reveals high levels of public support for Council's opposition to Master Plan.

**October 2002** Draft Master Plan withdrawn by the NSW Government. Callan Park (Special Provisions) Act 2002 No.139 passed by NSW Parliament

**2003 – 2004** Leichhardt Council, Friends of Callan Park and others discuss with the State Government the importance of retaining a mental health facility at Rozelle Hospital

**April 2004** Leichhardt Council establishes and resources a taskforce to pursue government funding and establishment of a Callan Park Trust and to initiate a Master Plan for Callan Park.

**October 2005** Leichhardt Council gains support of Local Government Association of NSW for the vision that Callan Park remain as a specialist mental health facility managed by a new Callan Park Trust

**February 2006** Leichhardt Council renews commitment a Masterplan for Callan Park and continues to pressure the NSW Government to retain and upgrade Callan Park psychiatric hospital

**September 2006** Council undertakes another community survey to assist with the development of a Masterplan for Callan Park

**July 2007** NSW Government establishes a Community Reference Panel to comment on Masterplan and tenancy proposals including those by the University of Sydney. Sydney Harbour Foreshore Authority appointed to prepare a Masterplan for Callan Park

**November 2007** Draft Callan Park Land Use Plan placed on public exhibition

**December 2007** Leichhardt Council resolves to object to the Land Use Plan

**February 2008** Leichhardt Council submits an objection to the NSW Government, based on results of a telephone survey that indicates public concern with over-development and loss of heritage features within Callan Park

**October 2008** NSW Government announces it will grant care control and management of 40 of Callan Park's 60 hectares to Leichhardt Council under a 99 year lease

**2009** Leichhardt Council convenes Callan Park Taskforce and a variety of public meetings over the future of Callan Park

**December 2009** Leichhardt Council prepares Master Plan scoping document

**March 2010** Leichhardt Council calls for open tenders for the Master Planning of Callan Park

**May 2010** McGregor Coxall and team appointed to develop Master Plan

**June 2010** Master Planning begins

