

APPENDIX A
INVENTORY OF ZONES AND ITEMS

INVENTORY SHEETS

INTRODUCTION

The following inventory sheets for Callan Park have been developed in association with the Conservation Management Plan.

The information provided in each sheet has consolidated the inventories included in the 2002 Conservation Management Plan, which have been reviewed by site inspections undertaken during January 2011 and February 2011 and additional historical research for some items.

DIVISION OF THE SITE INTO ZONES

In order to deal with the scale and complexity of Callan Park the area has been subdivided into seven zones. These zones or precincts reflect areas of similar physical and historic character.

Whilst these zonal boundaries do not represent real boundaries on the site they do delineate areas (distinguishable on site) that have their own part to play in contributing to the significance of the place as a whole. They are also important as settings for individual items. Within the zone there is also scope for identifying specific group values not appreciated when items are viewed in isolation. Group value describes the values (eg visual, historic, social) created by the relationship between a number of items, for example the overall impact of the grouping of the buildings enclosing the Broughton Hall gardens. The value of some individual items may be enhanced or diminished by its relationship to other items (as in group value) or its relationship to the landscape setting.

For each zone there is a description, statement of significance and brief conservation guidelines. Within each zone individual items are dealt with in a similar way.

Grid references also refer to those of the 1991 Heritage Study and the site plan indicating these and the locations of the buildings referred to is attached.

It should be noted that on a site of this size some items may have been overlooked. When dealing with items not identified in this study reference should be made to the statement of significance and guidelines for each zone.

ZONE1 THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT

DESCRIPTION

THE WATERFRONT

The waterfront zone is the flat area at the base of the slopes edged by a sandstone seawall. It is largely the product of land reclamation and reflects little of the natural character of the landform except in the sharp definition of its boundary with the slopes which formed the original shoreline. Early photographs suggest that until the 1920s a Eucalypt woodland persisted on natural areas of the foreshore. The natural swampy land below the Convalescent Cottages was reclaimed in the 1880s to grow vegetables for the asylum (reflecting the need for self sufficiency in food production) and is now a public playing field. At the western end of the waterfront excessive landfilling over the original reclaimed cove has produced a highly intrusive landform with high, steep, grassed embankments close to the water's edge. Apart from a few tree groups and a row of Norfolk Island Hibiscus, which date from the early years of the asylum, the planting in the area is recent and not of any heritage significance. The stone lined canal is an extension of the original stream which originated in Broughton Hall.

Generally the character of this zone has been fragmented by intrusive buildings, fences and tree plantings introduced since World War 1. Also excessive public use and particularly car parking is degrading the environment in this area.

Visually the waterfront zone is important as the foreground of views from across Iron Cove to the Kirkbride Block, and is prominent in views from elsewhere in the site.

CALLAN POINT

Callan Point is a natural rocky outcrop projecting into the waters of Iron Cove. The area constitutes one of the last remaining areas of natural shoreline still existing in the Leichhardt Municipality. Prior to the 1880s it was a small headland between two inlets, which were later reclaimed. On the north east side of the point is a natural rocky shoreline with sandy beaches, rock ledges and remnant indigenous vegetation. There are Aboriginal shell middens along the shoreline and rare, extensive European rock carvings on rock surfaces. On the north west side is a picnic area formed by land reclamation and the site of a former swimming pool. There are remains of the original sandstone sewer outfall, sea wall and boat wharf. On top of the point are several red brick residences and a brick ward building which are intrusive elements and may be overlaying additional rock carvings. There is also a shelter shed with sandstone foundations (B494) which may be part of, or on the site of the original Garry Owen summerhouse.

Heritage Significance

The major significance of this section of the site is its aesthetic and historic value as a rare surviving example of the pre-European foreshore in Iron Cove. It is significant because it contains relics of Aboriginal habitation in a natural setting and significant European rock carvings. It is also significant because of its contribution to the picturesque setting of the original asylum design. It is of some significance as a natural waterside recreational area for the Garry Owen Estate and for the patients in the mental hospital. It is significant as an contemporary area of public recreation and for its use by the local community in gaining access to the harbour and in linking its foreshore.


The waterfront area, is a highly modified environment, however it is of aesthetic significance, in forming the foreground of the deliberately composed views to the Kirkbride Block. The buildings are not significant or are of very minor significance, however the early plantings are significant. The steeply sloping edge of the playing field is important as a reflection of the original shoreline.

The National Parks and Wildlife Service has listed five midden and shell midden sites at Callan Point. Two of these have been further investigated and have been deemed to be of high significance as Aboriginal Archaeological resources.

ZONE 1 THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT

INVENTORY OF INDIVIDUAL ITEMS


ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT	
ITEM No. B486 ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE:	CONSTRUCTION DATE: ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
BUILDING: LOCATION:	B 486 GARDEN STRUCTURE GRID: H3 ZONE: 1
DESCRIPTION: Open garden structure with a flat roof supported off rectangular stone piers. Structure divided into compartments. Timber fascia to roof.	
CONDITION:	Good
HISTORY:	Unresearched
REFERENCES:	Site inspection.
SIGNIFICANCE:	Neutral. Minimal significance as part of development of repatriation hospital. Potentially intrusive but now adequately screened.
GUIDELINES:	Retain, recycle, replace or remove as practicable. If removed, record prior to demolition and revegetate the area with appropriate planting

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
<p>ITEM Nos. B490, B491, B492 and B493</p> <p>ORIGINAL NAME: Residences</p> <p>CURRENT USE: Unoccupied</p>	<p>CONSTRUCTION DATE: c. 1960-65</p> <p>ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown</p>	<p>HERITAGE LISTINGS:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Estate</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> S170 List</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Trust</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory</p>
<p>BUILDING:</p> <p>LOCATION:</p>	<p>B 492 & B 493 BAYVIEW COTTAGES, B 490 & B 491 ASSOCIATED GARAGES</p> <p>GRID: I 3 ZONE: 1</p>	
<p>DESCRIPTION:</p> <p>Pair of light yellow-brown brick houses with pitched tiled roofs and brick gables, timber framed windows. Simple rectangular plan with patio enclosed by wrought metal balustrade at front of dwellings.</p> <p>Similarly detailed simple garages associated with each residence.</p>		
CONDITION:	Good	
HISTORY:	Built c. 1960-65.	
REFERENCES:	Leong (80)	
SIGNIFICANCE:	Intrusive	
GUIDELINES:	Remove as practicable and revegetate the area. Take care to prevent damage to European rock carving and Aboriginal relics which may be hidden below the soil surface and contact the NPWS should any Aboriginal relics be found. If retained undertake maintenance of building fabric. If removed record prior to demolition. If replaced any new development must conform to the requirements of the Callan Park Act.	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
<p>ITEM Nos. B494</p> <p>ORIGINAL NAME: Recreation / Activities Building, Building 92A Ward F Annex</p> <p>CURRENT USE: Vacant</p>	<p>CONSTRUCTION DATE: Before 1877</p> <p>ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown</p>	<p>HERITAGE LISTINGS:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Estate</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S170 List</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Trust</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory</p>
<p>BUILDING:</p>	<p>B494</p>	
<p>LOCATION:</p>	<p>GRID: 13 ZONE: 1</p>	
<p>DESCRIPTION:</p> <p>Pleasant rectangular building, stone to sill height with multi-paned timber windows above. Hipped roof covered in asbestos cement shingles with rare asbestos cement cappings. Vented timber eaves linings. Timber weatherboard wall lining above stone base east elevation, evidence of early opening below (cement render wall lining lined to resemble stone coursing.</p>		
<p>CONDITION:</p>	<p>Good – general maintenance required</p>	
<p>HISTORY:</p>	<p>Unknown but a building was in this location on the 1877 site plan. Garry Owen summer house was originally in this area. This building does not date from this early period (circa 1840), however may be an early building altered or consist of the materials from an earlier building.</p>	
<p>REFERENCES:</p>	<p>JTCW</p>	
<p>SIGNIFICANCE:</p>	<p>High - requires further investigation. If found to be Garry Owen summer house is of greater significance.</p>	
<p>GUIDELINES:</p>	<p>Retain and conserve using appropriate methodologies and materials. Consider reconstruction of the door opening and windows in east elevation. An appropriate use for the building should be found that does not compromise its heritage significance.</p>	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
<p>ITEM No. B495</p> <p>ORIGINAL NAME: Ward F, Repatriation Section, Building 92</p> <p>CURRENT USE: Unoccupied</p>	<p>CONSTRUCTION DATE: c. 1933-35</p> <p>ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown</p>	<p>HERITAGE LISTINGS:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Estate</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S170 List</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Trust</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory</p>
<p>BUILDING:</p>	<p>B 495 FLANDERS HOUSE</p>	
<p>LOCATION:</p>	<p>GRID: H3 ZONE: 1</p>	
<p>DESCRIPTION:</p> <p>Single storey U-shaped brick building with hipped roof covered with terracotta tiles and vented timber eaves linings. Prominent location isolated from other buildings and screened by trees. Windows have been covered over. Garden with stone terracing on northern side.</p> <p>B486 to north west is a single storey brick building with a hipped roof covered with terracotta tiles, timber framed windows.</p>		
<p>CONDITION:</p>	<p>Fair – general maintenance required</p>	
<p>HISTORY:</p>	<p>Built c. 1933-35</p>	
<p>REFERENCES:</p>	<p>Leong (51)</p>	
<p>SIGNIFICANCE:</p>	<p>Low. Minimal significance as part of development of repatriation hospital. Potentially intrusive but now adequately screened.</p>	
<p>GUIDELINES:</p>	<p>Retain, recycle, replace or remove as practicable. The site is visually prominent and if replaced any new development must conform to the requirements of the Callan Park Act. If replaced, the new development should revegetate the area with appropriate planting or be in the form of a discreet building within a natural setting. If removed record prior to demolition.</p>	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
<p>ITEM Nos. B499</p> <p>ORIGINAL NAME: Sports Pavilion, Building 91</p> <p>CURRENT USE: Vacant</p>	<p>CONSTRUCTION DATE: c. 1958-60</p> <p>ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown</p>	<p>HERITAGE LISTINGS:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Estate</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> S170 List</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Trust</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory</p>
<p>BUILDING:</p>	<p>B499 SPORTS PAVILION</p>	
<p>LOCATION:</p>	<p>GRID: F4 ZONE: 1</p>	
<p>DESCRIPTION:</p> <p>Brick structure with skillion roof. Provides seating, change room, storage.</p>		
<p>CONDITION:</p>	<p>Good</p>	
<p>HISTORY:</p>	<p>Built c. 1958-60</p>	
<p>REFERENCES:</p>	<p>Leong (56), MH2/218-9, JTCW</p>	
<p>SIGNIFICANCE:</p>	<p>Low. Although the building has little apparent significance when related to the history and development of Callan Park and the Rozelle Hospital, it is a distinctive example of a post World War II sports pavilion.</p>	
<p>GUIDELINES:</p>	<p>Retain and conserve according to Burra Charter principles. Maintain present use.</p>	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
<p>ITEM No. B 504</p> <p>ORIGINAL NAME: Administration / Recreation Hall; 26 Repatriation Division Administration (Psychogeriatrics)/Recreation Hall</p> <p>CURRENT USE: Unoccupied</p>	<p>CONSTRUCTION DATE: 1960-65</p> <p>ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown Government Architect E.H. Farmer</p>	<p>HERITAGE LISTINGS:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Estate</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> S170 List</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Trust</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory</p>
<p>BUILDING:</p> <p>LOCATION:</p>	<p>B 504 OCCUPATIONAL THERAPIST / RECREATION HALL</p> <p>GRID: E5 ZONE: 1</p>	
<p>DESCRIPTION:</p> <p>Single storey L shaped Brick building with gabled tile roof. Timber framed windows, balconettes on north and south sides of hall at northern end of building. Extensive areas of glazing in timber and aluminium frames on western side looking onto shallow terrace and grounds. Interiors appear to be intact.</p>		
<p>CONDITION:</p>	<p>Fair. Timber fascias, bargeboards and other fabric are deteriorating.</p>	
<p>HISTORY:</p>	<p>Built 1960-65</p>	
<p>REFERENCES:</p>	<p>Leong (54) MH2/448</p>	
<p>SIGNIFICANCE:</p>	<p>Low.</p>	
<p>GUIDELINES:</p>	<p>Retain and conserve, adapt to new uses that do not compromise the building's intact fabric and spaces. In the short term ensure the building is weather tight. Repair damaged and deteriorating fabric using appropriate materials, profiles and methodologies. Conserve and sympathetically adapt interiors as required. Upgrade garden setting.</p>	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT

ITEM No. B 505 ORIGINAL NAME: 27 Ward H CURRENT USE: Unoccupied		CONSTRUCTION DATE: 1960-65 ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
BUILDING: LOCATION:	B 505 HASTINGS HOUSE GRID: E4 ZONE: 1		
DESCRIPTION: Single storey H shaped red brick building with hipped tiled roof. Deep eaves overhangs, timber framed windows. Some consciously laid out landscaping on southern side of building.			
CONDITION:	Fair. Roof is showing some structural deterioration.		
HISTORY:	Built 1960-65		
REFERENCES:	Leong (53) MH2/220-6 JTCW		
SIGNIFICANCE:	Intrusive in waterfront setting.		
GUIDELINES:	Retain, recycle, replace or remove as practicable. In any redevelopment landscape should be dominant. If removed record prior to demolition. If replaced any new development must conform to the requirements of the Callan Park Act.		

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
<p>ITEM No. B 512</p> <p>ORIGINAL NAME: 29 Rehabilitation Unit, Cane Room</p> <p>CURRENT USE: Unoccupied</p>	<p>CONSTRUCTION DATE: Pre 1931</p> <p>ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown</p>	<p>HERITAGE LISTINGS:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Estate</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S170 List</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Trust</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory</p>
<p>BUILDING:</p>	B 512 CANE ROOM	
<p>LOCATION:</p>	GRID: F5 ZONE: 1	
<p>DESCRIPTION:</p> <p>Single storey, painted brick walls, hipped roof covered with terracotta tiles, extensive runs of timber framed windows, timber eaves linings. Small porch on south side of building.</p>		
<p>CONDITION:</p>	Fair. Timber fabric such as eaves linings is deteriorating.	
<p>HISTORY:</p>	Pre 1931, additions 1948	
<p>REFERENCES:</p>	Leong (82) JTCW Aerial photo 1931	
<p>SIGNIFICANCE:</p>	Low.	
<p>GUIDELINES:</p>	Retain and conserve, adapt to sympathetic new use. Repair damaged and deteriorating fabric using appropriate materials, profiles and methodologies. Upgrade planting associated with the building.	


ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. B 513 ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE: Electrical Substation	CONSTRUCTION DATE: Circa 1960s ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
BUILDING: LOCATION:	B 513 SUBSTATION GRID: F5 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION: Pair of brick structures consisting of a square flat roofed building and an open court enclosed by high walls. Similar to Item B4C in Zone 4.		
CONDITION:	Fair.	
HISTORY:	Probably constructed in the 1960s around the same time as other buildings in the immediate vicinity (B504, B505, B512 and B514).	
REFERENCES:		
SIGNIFICANCE:	Intrusive.	
GUIDELINES:	Retain, recycle, replace or remove as practicable. If removed record prior to demolition.	


ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. B 514 ORIGINAL NAME: 28 Ward A CURRENT USE: Unoccupied	CONSTRUCTION DATE: 1960-65 ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
BUILDING: LOCATION:	PALM COURT GRID: F4 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION: Single storey L shaped brick building with tiled roof, gable ends. Timber framed windows. Modifications on north side of building.		
CONDITION:	Fair	
HISTORY:	Built 1960	
REFERENCES:	Leong (52) MH2/448 JTCW	
SIGNIFICANCE:	Intrusive in waterfront setting.	
GUIDELINES:	Retain, recycle, replace or remove as practicable. In any redevelopment landscape should be dominant. If removed record prior to demolition. If replaced any new development must conform to the requirements of the Callan Park Act.	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE:	CONSTRUCTION DATE: 1999 ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Joe Hurst (Aboriginal interpretation)	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
BUILDING: LOCATION:	INTERPRETATION AND COMMEMORATION DEVICES GRID: H2-3 - J 2-3 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION: The Aboriginal interpretation devices consist of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A series of five items consisting of richly coloured sculpted and inscribed ceramic plaques mounted on irregularly shaped rocks. One features a carved goanna; • A steel plate with a map and inscriptions mounted on a stone “table” inscribed with stylised fish. • The Callan Park Act device consists of a metal plaque mounted on a regular slab of stone (image at left). 		
		
CONDITION:	Good	
HISTORY:	Aboriginal interpretive devices commissioned by Leichhardt Council and undertaken by prominent Aboriginal artists at the end of the 1990s. Callan Point devices are the work of Joe Hurst. The Callan Park Act commemorative device was unveiled on 9 July 2008.	
REFERENCES:	Information from Leichhardt Council; Dictionary of Australian Artists Online (www.daa0.org.au/main/read/7834 , 1 April 2011), site inspection, Friends of Callan Park News Archive, July 2008.	


SIGNIFICANCE:	The Aboriginal interpretive devices are significant as interpretive artworks created by respected artist Joe Hurst and have high aesthetic quality. The Callan Park interpretive device is unobtrusive and commemorates the passage of an important piece of legislation designed to conserve the Callan Park.
GUIDELINES:	Retain and conserve.

LANDSCAPE ELEMENTS


ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT	
ITEM No. 6A ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE:	CONSTRUCTION DATE: ARCHITECT / BUILDER: HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	6A NATURAL SHORELINE GRID: 12 ZONE: 1
DESCRIPTION: Rocky cliffs and outcrops, sandy beach, mud flats and rock shelves at water's edge, some fill introduced on top of cliffs and roads, buildings and gardens edge cliff top. Fitness track runs across cliff top.	
CONDITION:	Substantially intact.
HISTORY:	-
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study.
SIGNIFICANCE:	Significant as rare remnant of natural shoreline and landform and as original setting for asylum and Garry Owen Estate. Earth fill, building and garden developments are intrusive on its significance.
GUIDELINES:	Preserve. Remove intrusive fill, rubbish and building developments and restore natural profiles as far as possible. Take care to prevent damage to any rock carvings or Aboriginal relics which may be hidden beneath the soil surface. Contact the NPWS if any Aboriginal relics are found.

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. 6B ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE:	CONSTRUCTION DATE: ARCHITECT / BUILDER:	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	6B INDIGENOUS VEGETATION GRID: I 2, H2 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION: Small group of indigenous She Oak, Rough Barked apple and Bangalay with possible indigenous shrub (unidentified sp) and areas of Kangaroo Grass, Lomandra and other native grasses above the cliffs.		
CONDITION:	Part intact. Modified and simplified communities through disturbance.	
HISTORY:	Regenerate from original species.	
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study	
SIGNIFICANCE:	Significant as rare remnant of indigenous vegetation and representative components of original setting for the asylum and Garry Owen Estate.	
GUIDELINES:	Maintain. Remove weeds and regenerate/revegetate with seed from indigenous plants. Replace introduced species with indigenous species where appropriate throughout the point area. Encourage development of indigenous plant and animal communities. Note NPWS should be contacted prior to any disturbance on or near Aboriginal midden sites and care should be taken around European carvings to avoid damage.	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. 6C ORIGINAL NAME: Aboriginal middens CURRENT USE:	CONSTRUCTION DATE: ARCHITECT / BUILDER:	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	6C ABORIGINAL MIDDENS GRID: I2 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION: Four separate aboriginal shell middens all on NPWS register. Middens are a collection of shells discarded from meals. Midden numbers on NPWS register are: 45-6-283; 45-6-618; 45-6-1971; 45-6-1972. There is one additional area of midden remains on the NPWS Register (45-6-1481), which is not identified here as it is located within fill material on the reclaimed waterfront and thus is believed to be of little heritage value.		
CONDITION:	Varies between intact to unknown levels of intactness.	
HISTORY:	-	
REFERENCES:		
SIGNIFICANCE:	All middens are significant as rare remaining evidence of Aboriginal habitation and provide evidence of pre-European ecology. Site 45-6-283 is of major research value due to its intact profiles, others may be of research value if lower profiles are intact.	
GUIDELINES:	Preserve all middens in accordance with NPWS directions. Carry out an archaeological investigation by a qualified archaeologist prior to any disturbance. Any disturbance of or near Aboriginal sites (such as clearing, revegetating, demolition or construction) must be approved by the National Parks and Wildlife Service in accordance with the NPWS Act 1974. Advice should also be sought from the Metropolitan Local Aboriginal Land Council. The introduction of interpretive signage, possibly in combination with the European rock carvings is recommended. The existing access tracks crossing some middens should be discreetly hidden such as by general revegetation works (with indigenous species). For further reference contact the Australian Museum.	


ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
<p>ITEM No: 6D</p> <p>ORIGINAL NAME: Rock carvings</p> <p>CURRENT USE:</p>	<p>CONSTRUCTION DATE:</p> <p>ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown</p>	<p>HERITAGE LISTINGS:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Estate</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> S170 List</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> National Trust</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory</p>
<p>ITEM:</p> <p>LOCATION:</p>	<p>6D ROCK CARVINGS</p> <p>GRID: H2, I 2-3 ZONE: 1</p>	
<p>DESCRIPTION:</p> <p>Extensive range of subjects including ships, figures, globes, fish, an animal (possibly alpaca), heads, stars (similar to compass roses) and many numerals (possible dates) and hand lettering (some doesn't seem to make sense. Others possibly in French).</p>		
<p>CONDITION:</p>	<p>Exposed carvings intact, some hidden beneath grass and gardens. Some exposed to foot traffic and vandalism.</p>	
<p>HISTORY:</p>	<p>Believed carved by one man who lived on a boat in Iron Cove. Patients may have been responsible for some carvings. It is possible that there were aboriginal carvings on the site but no evidence is visible.</p>	
<p>REFERENCES:</p>	<p>John Clegg. Sydney University. Article "Sydney Rock Art" by John Clegg pp119-122 in <i>The Moving Frontier</i> (edited by Peter Stanbury). Reed. Sydney 1977. <i>Sydney Morning Herald</i> Column 8 item and reply 1960s. J.S. Kerr, <i>Out Of Sight Out Of Mind</i>. 1991 DPWS Heritage Study</p>	
<p>SIGNIFICANCE:</p>	<p>Significant as 'outsider art'; as record of social history; as a rare and exceptional item and as a factor in the local sense of place.</p>	
<p>GUIDELINES:</p>	<p>Preserve in accordance with Burra Charter. Redirect public path away from surface carvings and provide sensitively designed barriers to prevent foot traffic over the carvings. Protect hidden and exposed carvings during any clearing, revegetation, demolition or construction work. Before any disturbance of the area carry out assessment by qualified historical archaeologist. Consider careful installation of interpretive signage.</p>	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. 6E ORIGINAL NAME: Sea wall and boat wharf CURRENT USE: Sea wall, wharf disused	CONSTRUCTION DATE: ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	6E SEA WALL & BOAT WHARF GRID: H2, G3 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION: Battered sandstone block seawall edging land fill areas.		
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;">   </div>		
CONDITION:	Generally intact.	
HISTORY:	Age of wall unresearched. Possibly early 1900s construction added to or replaced in 1940s to 1960s.	
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study. 1903 photo of original boatshed. Plate 46 Powell. Site plan 1893, Site plan 1931-51, Site plan 1965.	
SIGNIFICANCE:	Significance as early site developments reflecting importance of water travel and relationship with Gladesville Hospital.	
GUIDELINES:	Restore damaged sections. Retain boat wharf as relic or redevelop for modern use reflective of its original purpose.	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. 6f ORIGINAL NAME: Sewer outlet CURRENT USE: Disused	CONSTRUCTION DATE: Circa 1880 ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	6F SEWER OUTLET GRID: H2 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION: Ruins of sandstone sewer outfall extending into Iron Cove.		
CONDITION:	In ruined state.	
HISTORY:	Originally asylum sewer discharging into Iron Cove. Later used for stormwater.	
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study. 1877 site plan	
SIGNIFICANCE:	Significant as an item of original asylum design and early sewage system.	
GUIDELINES:	Preserve as ruins.	


ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. 6G ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE: Stair, retaining wall.	CONSTRUCTION DATE: Circa 1905 ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	6G STONE STAIRS & WALLS GRID: H2 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION: Dry stone wall and stone staircase.		
CONDITION:	Intact	
HISTORY:	Likely to have been built in association with swimming pool construction in the mid 1900s.	
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study. Site plan 1931 and site plan 1965.	
SIGNIFICANCE:	No evidence of heritage significance, however sympathetic with development area of the point.	
GUIDELINES:	Retain and conserve.	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. 6H ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE: Recreational open space	CONSTRUCTION DATE: Circa 1880-1900 ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
BUILDING: LOCATION:	6H LAWN TERRACE GRID: H2-3 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION: Grassed terrace edged by sea wall.		
CONDITION:	Intact but poor condition.	
HISTORY:	Reclaimed in 1880s to early 1900s to provide level access to the boat wharf extended in 1960s. Now used as a recreation ground.	
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study. Site plan 1965	
SIGNIFICANCE:	Original terrace is significant as early access to boat wharf, a significant item in the running of the early asylum. However, extended size and existing use diminish integrity of significance.	
GUIDELINES:	Preserve access to boat wharf. Retain as open space.	


ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT	
ITEM No. 6 I ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE:	CONSTRUCTION DATE: 1930s-1960s ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	6 I RESIDENTIAL AND WARD GARDENS GRID: H 1-2 ZONE: 1
DESCRIPTION: Fenced gardens attached to residences and ward buildings.	
	
CONDITION:	Intact.
HISTORY:	Installed in 1930s to 1960s overlaying rock carvings and rock outcrop.
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study.
SIGNIFICANCE:	Intrusive on heritage significance of natural landform, vegetation and rock carvings.
GUIDELINES:	Remove. Take care to prevent damage to any European carvings or Aboriginal relics which may be hidden below the soil surface and contact the NPWS if any Aboriginal relics are found.

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT	
ITEM No. 6J ORIGINAL NAME: Path CURRENT USE:	CONSTRUCTION DATE: ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Hospital patients HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	6J PATH GRID: H3 ZONE: 1
DESCRIPTION: Sandstone flagged path leading to building B495. Inscribed with date of construction.	
CONDITION:	Fair condition, partly overgrown.
HISTORY:	-
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study.
SIGNIFICANCE:	Some significance as work of patients illustrating involvement of patients as therapy (or economy!) however not an outstanding or rare example. Path is intrusive on the significant natural character of the point.
GUIDELINES:	Remove. Photographically record as evidence of patient work prior to removal.

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. 6K ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE:	CONSTRUCTION DATE: ARCHITECT / BUILDER:	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	6K INDIVIDUAL TREES GRID: H3, I3 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION: Large introduced Eucalypt and Coral trees and other species planted throughout developed area of the point.		
CONDITION:	Good.	
HISTORY:	Larger trees probably planted in 1930s and 1950s with more recent additions.	
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study.	
SIGNIFICANCE:	No identified heritage significance.	
GUIDELINES:	Large trees may be incorporated into future development where appropriate or transplanted to alternate location.	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT	
ITEM No. 6L ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE:	CONSTRUCTION DATE: circa 1960-1970 ARCHITECT / BUILDER: HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	6L POPLAR AVENUE GRID: G3-I 3 ZONE: 1
DESCRIPTION: Avenue of Lombardy Poplars along Waterfront Drive.	
CONDITION:	Fair.
HISTORY:	Planted after 1952. Possibly in early 1960s or 1970s.
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study. 1952 aerial photo.
SIGNIFICANCE:	Intrudes on the significant character of the early asylum period.
GUIDELINES:	Remove as practicable.

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT	
ITEM No. 5B ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE:	CONSTRUCTION DATE: 1980s ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
BUILDING: LOCATION:	5B EMBANKMENT PLANTING GRID: H 1-4 ZONE: 1
DESCRIPTION: Mass planted Hills Weeping fig, Cedar Wattle and other native shrubs (non-indigenous). May provide habitat for Grey-headed Flying Fox, which is threatened in Leichhardt Local Government Area.	
CONDITION:	
HISTORY:	1980s mass planting.
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study. Photo c. 1903, site inspection
SIGNIFICANCE:	Highly intrusive of outlook from and setting for cottages B401 and B404.
GUIDELINES:	Professionally assess significance as habitat for Grey-headed Flying Fox. If not significant as habitat, prune trees to regain views. As trees die remove and revegetate slope with low growing indigenous species such as grasses and groundcovers.

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT	
ITEM No. 7A ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE: Recreational	CONSTRUCTION DATE: 1880-1942 ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	7A RECLAIMED LAND GRID: L4-H4, C4-D4 ZONE: 1
DESCRIPTION: Flat lawn area now used as football oval.	
CONDITION:	Intact
HISTORY:	Area G4-H4 – former swamp and inlet reclaimed for vegetable growing in 1880s to early 1900s and canal formed in early 1900s. Area C4-D4 reclaimed in 1942.
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study.
SIGNIFICANCE:	Early asylum development reflecting the need for large scale food production for asylum subsistence and representative of Charles Moore's design. Edge of reclaimed area reflects part of original shoreline. 1942 reclamation not of heritage significance.
GUIDELINES:	Preserve. Maintain open character. Future development should reflect original shoreline presently evident as a relatively natural embankment behind the oval, and maintain integrity of significance by revegetating with indigenous species. Current recreational use is sympathetic to significance.

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. 7C ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE:	CONSTRUCTION DATE: ARCHITECT / BUILDER: Unknown	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	7C LANDFILLED PLAYING FIELD GRID: C-D, 4-5 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION: Grassed terrace with steep embankments to a maximum height of 4 metres slightly set back from the seawall.		
		
CONDITION:	Intact but unconsolidated.	
HISTORY:	Result of 1970s dumping of fill.	
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study	
SIGNIFICANCE:	Highly intrusive	
GUIDELINES:	Ideally remove fill. Alternatively reform embankments to profiles more sympathetic to surrounding landscape. Where opportunity arises utilise this area in future developments sympathetic to the significance of the site.	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. 7D	CONSTRUCTION DATE:	HERITAGE LISTINGS:
ORIGINAL NAME:	ARCHITECT / BUILDER:	<input type="checkbox"/> National Estate
CURRENT USE:		<input type="checkbox"/> S170 List
		<input type="checkbox"/> National Trust
		<input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP
		<input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM:	7D NATURAL LANDFORM	
LOCATION:	GRID: E-F 4-5 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION:		
Visible steep slopes edging early land reclamation and area of original low headland discernible only as low rise.		
CONDITION:	Part obscured by existing development.	
HISTORY:		
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study. Site plan 1877	
SIGNIFICANCE:	Evidence of the natural landform adds to the significance of the Point and reflects the original landscape context for the asylum and Garry Owen Estate.	
GUIDELINES:	Future development should reflect shape of natural shoreline.	

ZONE 1 – THE WATERFRONT AND CALLAN POINT		
ITEM No. 7E ORIGINAL NAME: CURRENT USE:	CONSTRUCTION DATE: 1900s-1965 ARCHITECT / BUILDER:	HERITAGE LISTINGS: <input type="checkbox"/> National Estate <input type="checkbox"/> S170 List <input type="checkbox"/> National Trust <input type="checkbox"/> Leichhardt LEP <input type="checkbox"/> State Heritage Inventory
ITEM: LOCATION:	7E ROAD PATTERN GRID: G3-4 ZONE: 1	
DESCRIPTION: Waterfront Drive is bitumen with no kerb and gutter. Other roads all kerbed and guttered bitumen roads.		
		
CONDITION:	Intact	
HISTORY:	Waterfront Drive overlays original early 1900s track. Others built as access roads to Repatriation Works from 1918 to 1965.	
REFERENCES:	1991 DPWS Heritage Study. Site plans 1903, 1931-51, 1965.	
SIGNIFICANCE:	Waterfront Drive alignment is significant as original asylum access track. No evidence of heritage significance for other roads. Generally complexity of later roads intrudes upon significant character.	
GUIDELINES:	Preserve alignment of Waterfront Drive in future layouts but not necessarily as a road. Refer to open space management plan.	

